

# AAL FOR ALL

MULTISTAKEHOLDER CO-CREATION SESSION

27 SEPTEMBER 2016

AAL FORUM ST.GALLEN

CHAIR: DR. RENS BRANKAERT

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# Programme

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- **Setting the scene:**

- Introduction to the ENSAFE project
- Society technology
- Technological sensor opportunities for elderly (HELICOPTER)
- Integration into a cloud platform
- User involvement in ENSAFE

- **Interactive Co-creation session:**

- Multi-stakeholder perspective on innovation
- Impact of innovation in a wellbeing context



# Part 1: Setting the scene

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# Aim of the project

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- ENSAFE stands for:

Elderly-oriented **N**etwork-based **S**ervices **A**imed at independent life.

- Supporting more effective prevention and self-care strategies by creating a smarter, more accessible and versatile link among **elderly**, their **living environment** and **support network** around them.



# Target group

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- Elderly people:
  - Support their lives, enabling them to live longer independently at home.
- Informal caregivers:
  - Monitor and receive signals during abnormal situations which need their attention.
- Formal caregivers:
  - Access to full set of data, suitable for being linked to clinical data management tools and policies.



# Product portfolio

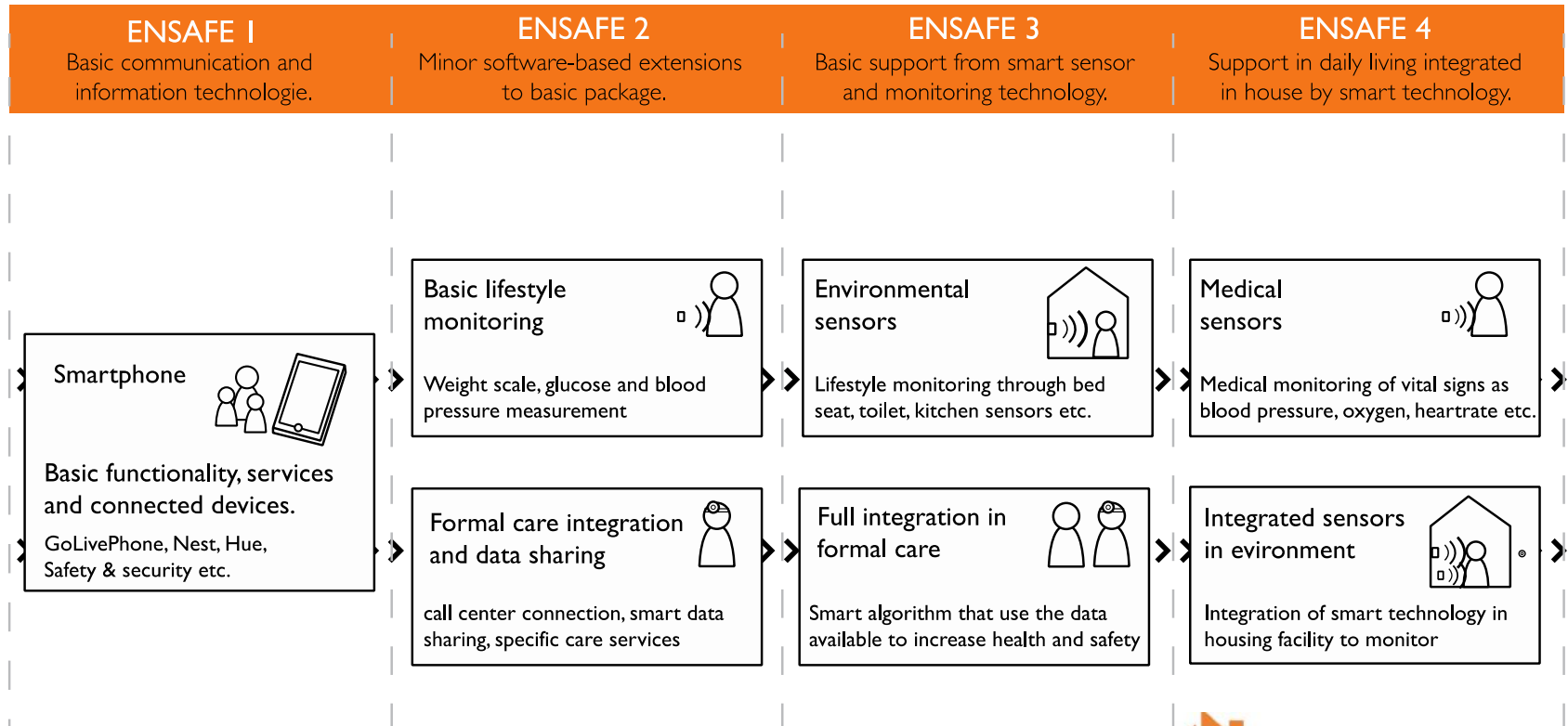
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- Sum of products is stronger than the individual parts
- Challenge is fitting these together into a single business case
- ... the ENSAFE solution



# Continuum of Care



# Business Case

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Consumer  
Market

Mixed  
Payment  
model

Mixed  
Payment  
model

Institutional  
Payment  
model

## ENSAFE I

Basic communication and  
information technologie.

## ENSAFE 2

Minor software-based extensions  
to basic package.

## ENSAFE 3

Basic support from smart sensor  
and monitoring technology.

## ENSAFE 4

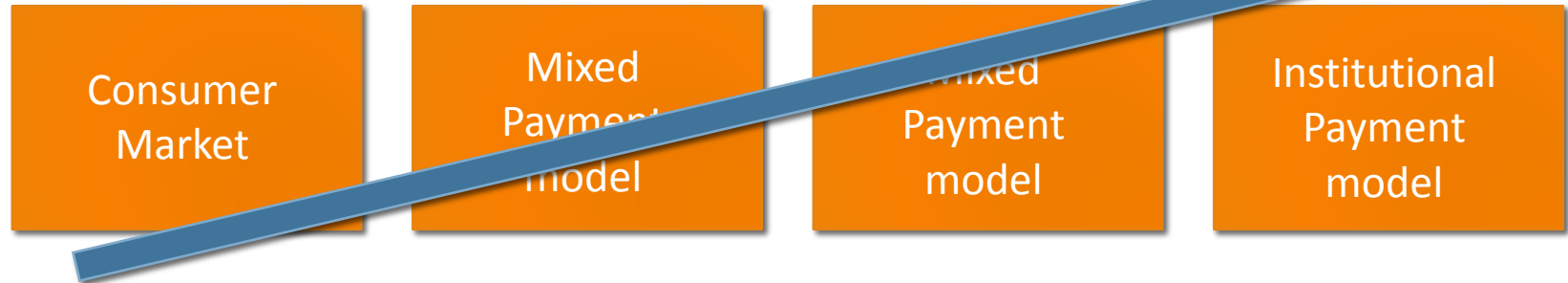
Support in daily living integrated  
in house by smart technology.





# Business Case

200 euro



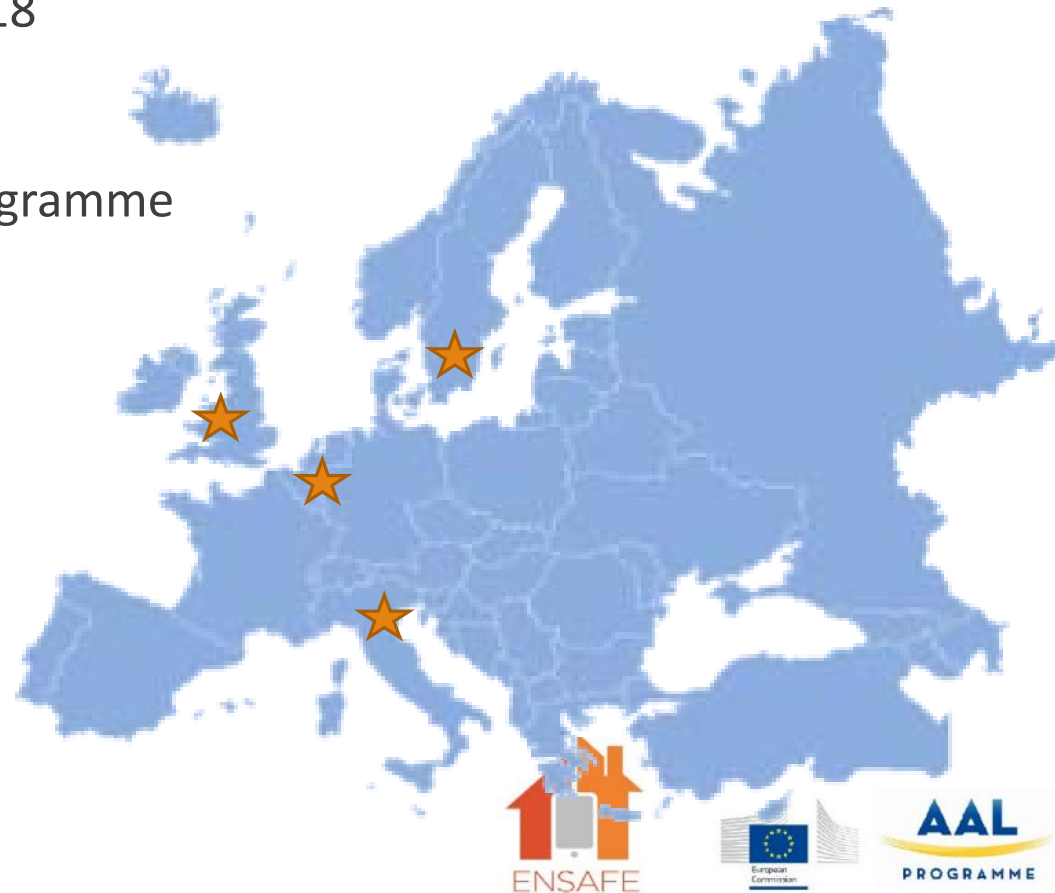
10 euro



# Project details

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- Duration: July 2015 – June 2018
- Total Budget: €2.1 million
- Made possible by the AAL programme
  
- Four countries in Europe
  - United Kingdom
  - Netherlands
  - Sweden
  - Italy



# Participating organisations

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# ENSAFE user involvement..

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[https://youtu.be/MovX\\_1LkGT0](https://youtu.be/MovX_1LkGT0)





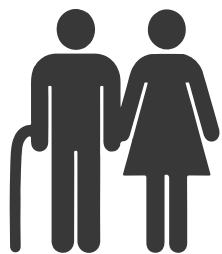
AAL for all, multi stakeholder co-creation

27 September 2016

# Aging challenges:

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Loneliness:



Security:



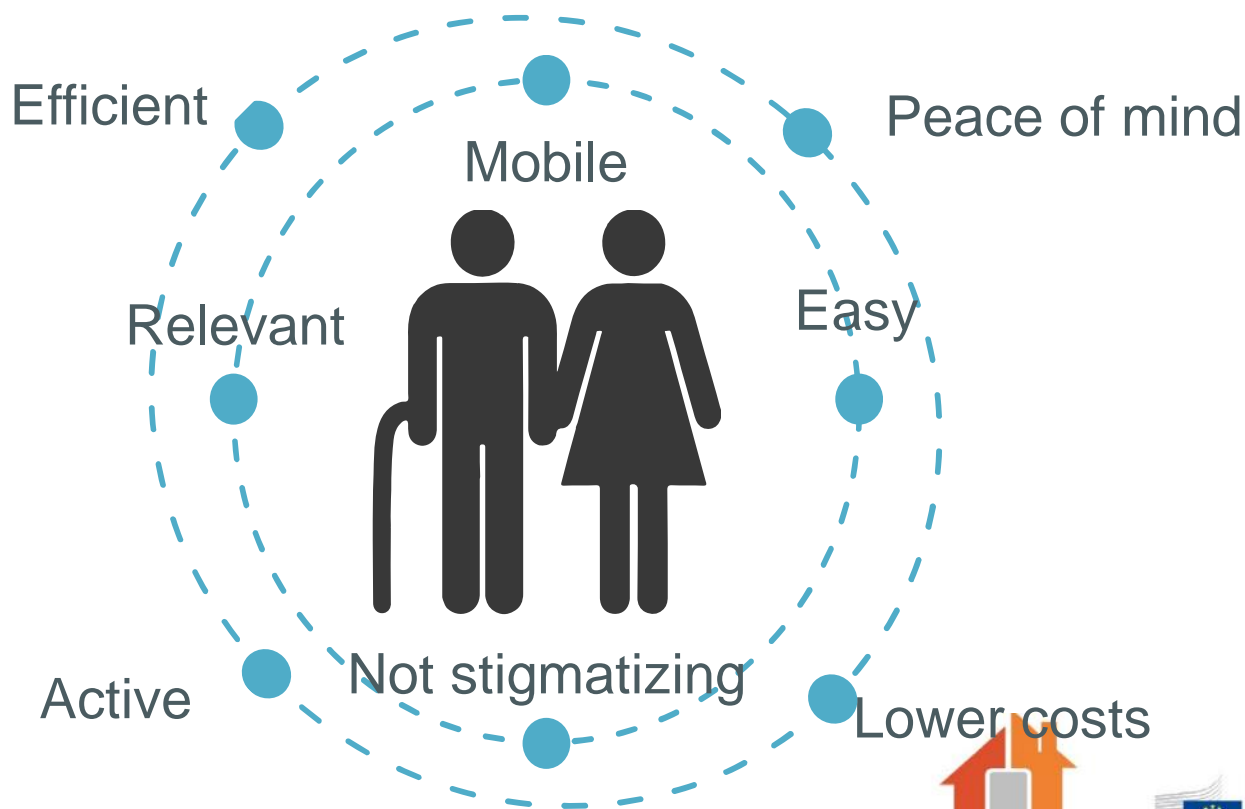
Active:



Falls



# User centric for all relevant stakeholders:



# Smartphone more important for seniors than young generation:



The smartphone  
will become a  
**smart-companion**

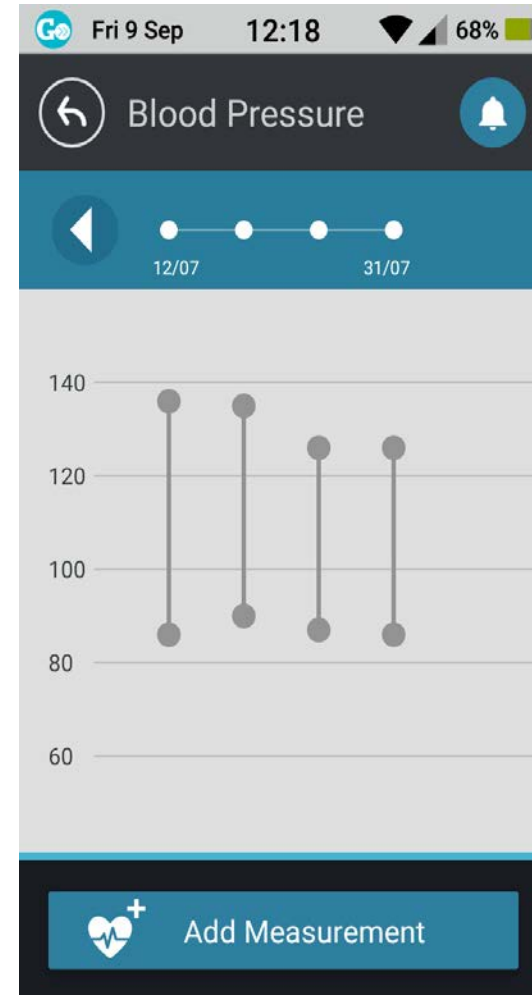
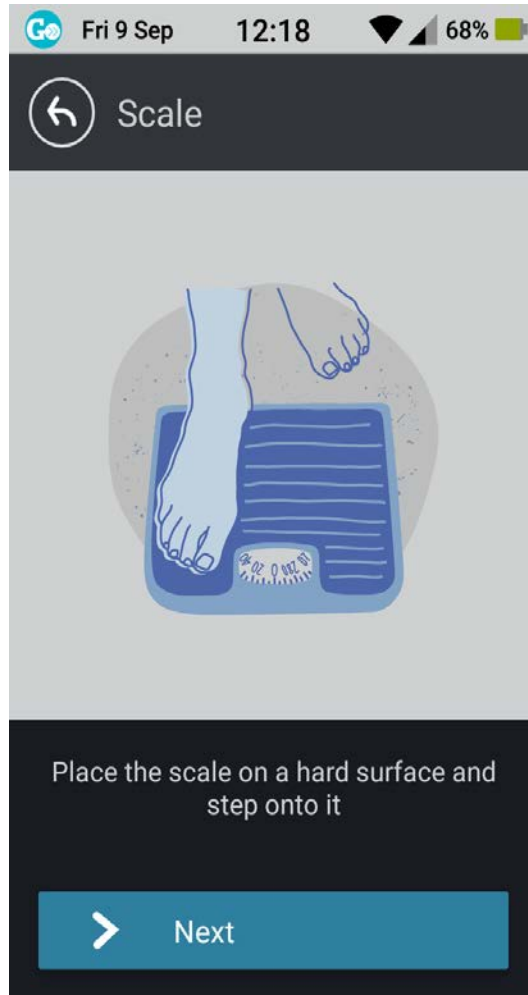




# What we offer:

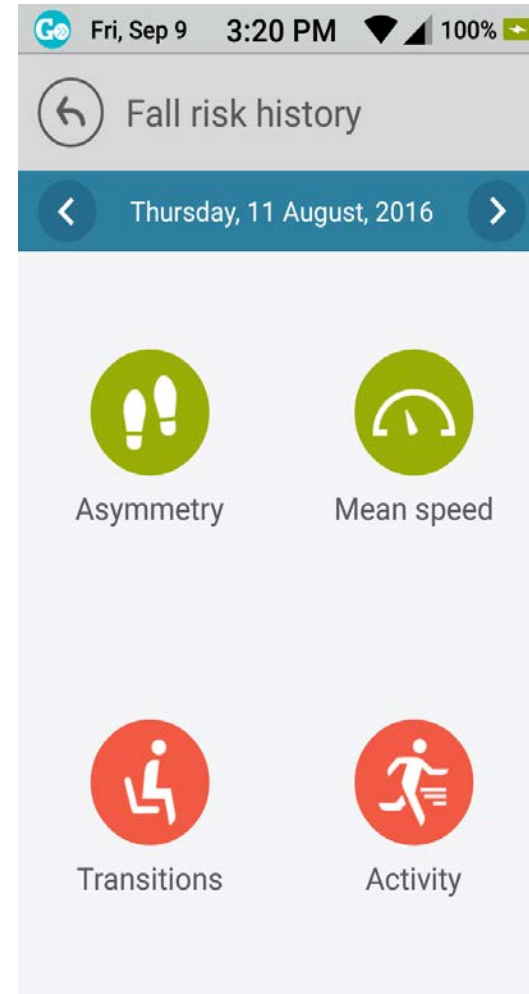
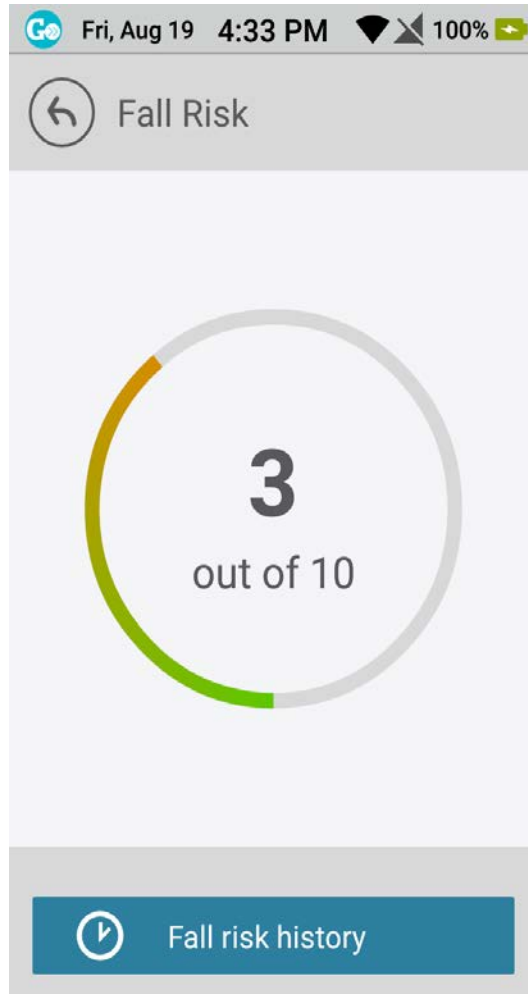


# Health analytics:



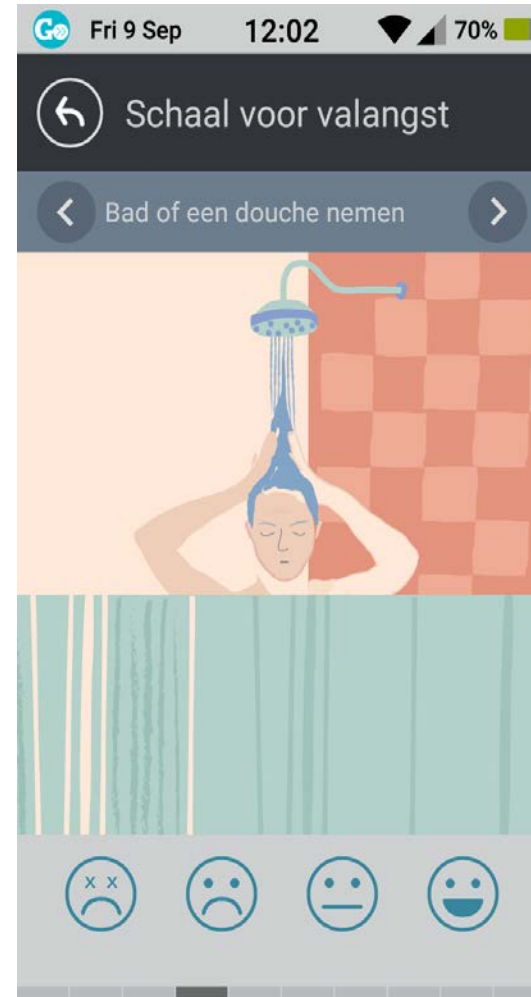
“Trend and abnormality indication”

# Prevention:



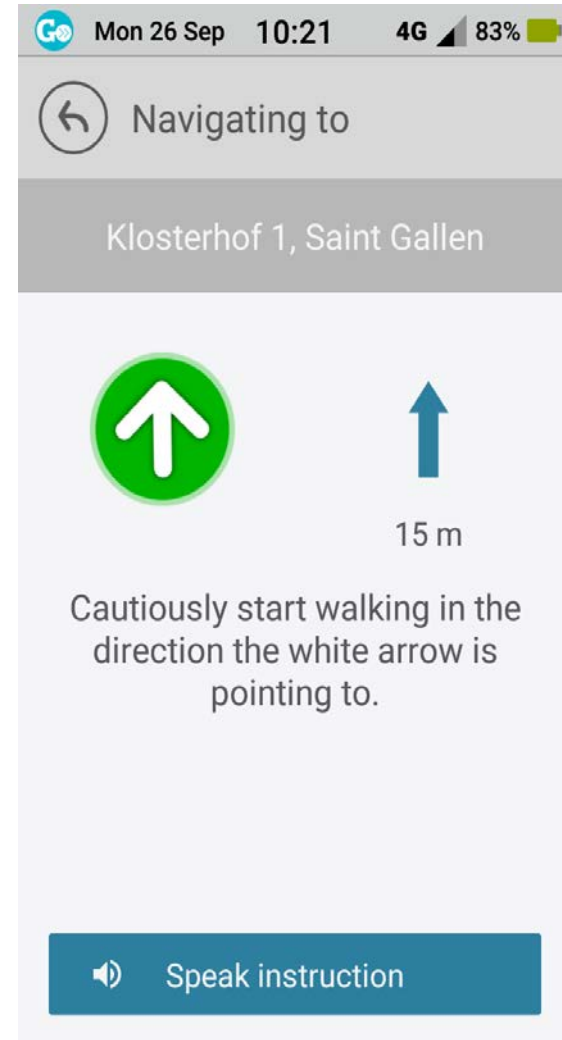
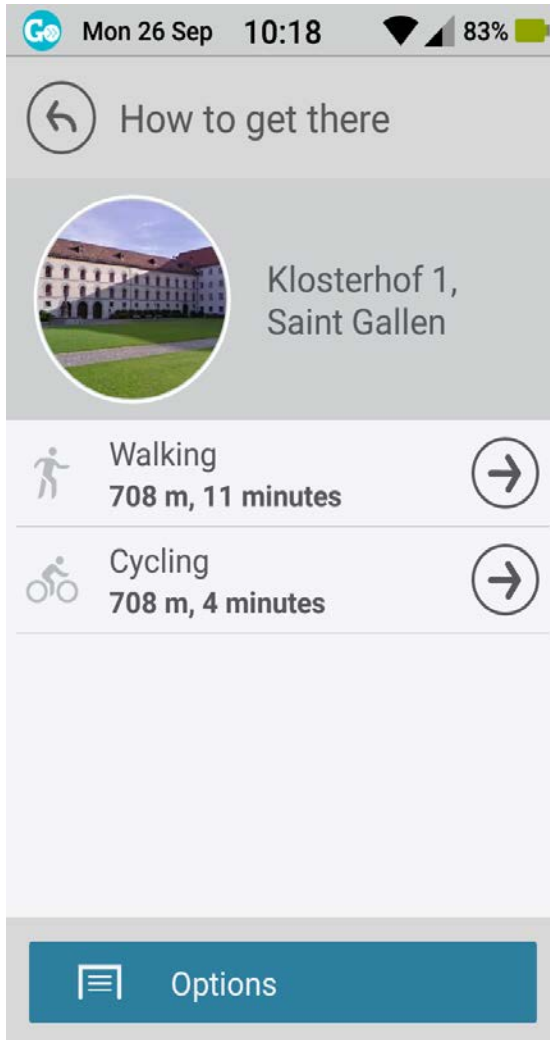
“ Catch your clients before they fall..! ”

# Quality of life:



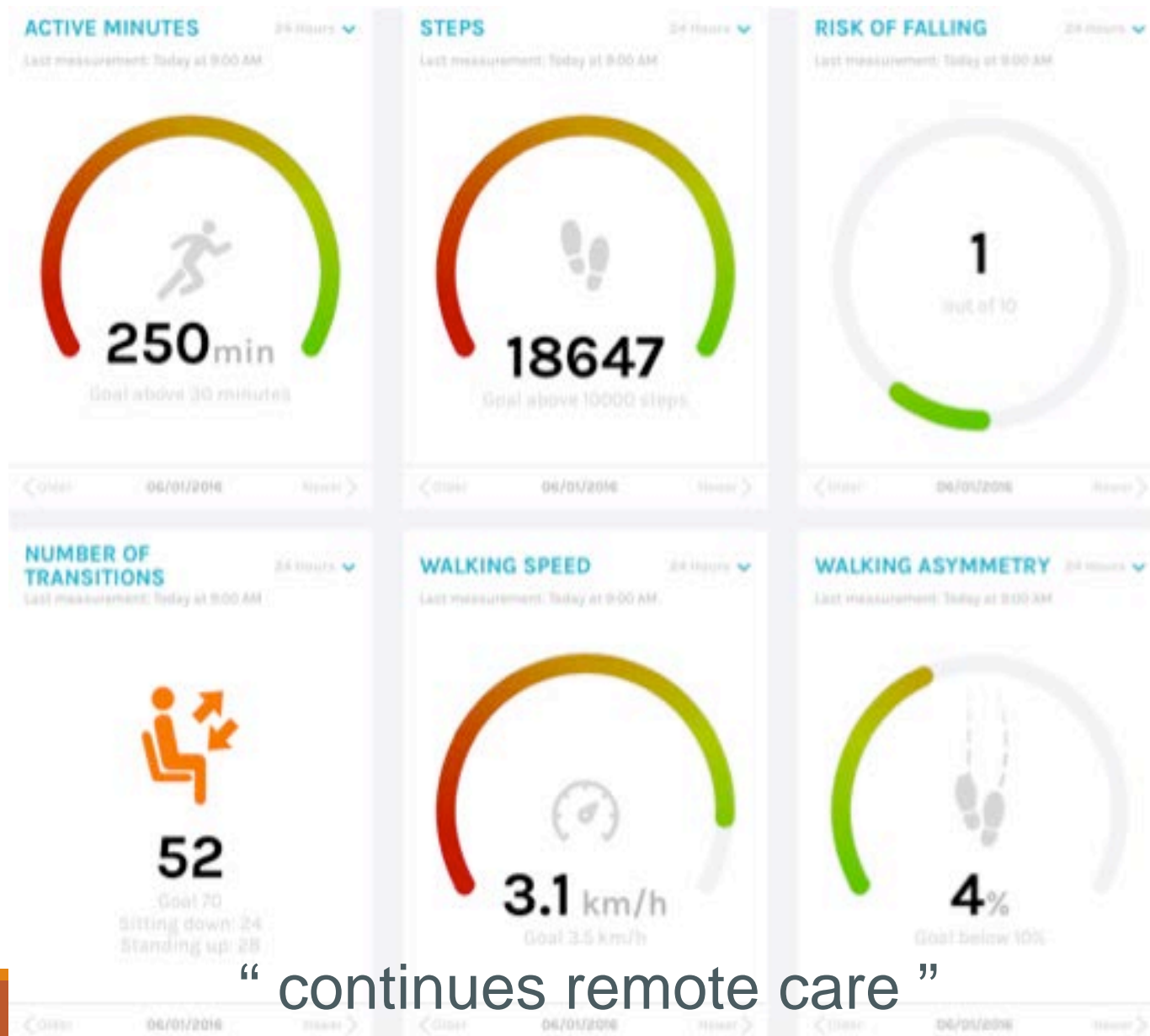
“ besides objective, also subjective data “

# Mobility & safety:



“ Polygonal safe zones “

# GoLiveAssist dashboard:



“ continues remote care ”

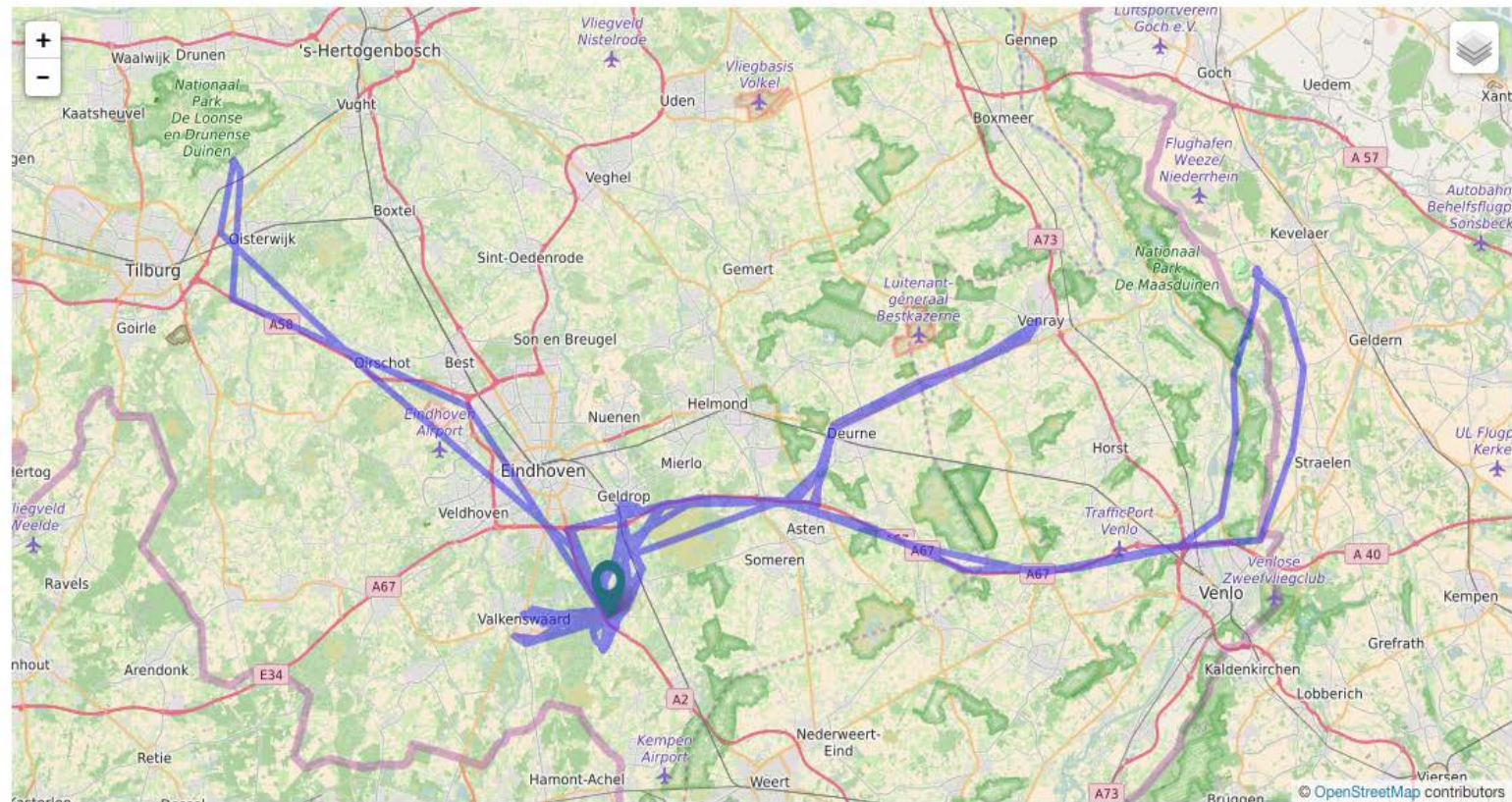
# GoLiveAssist dashboard:



## VISITED PLACES

1 Month ▼

Last measurement: Today at 10:34 AM



“ continues track & trace ”

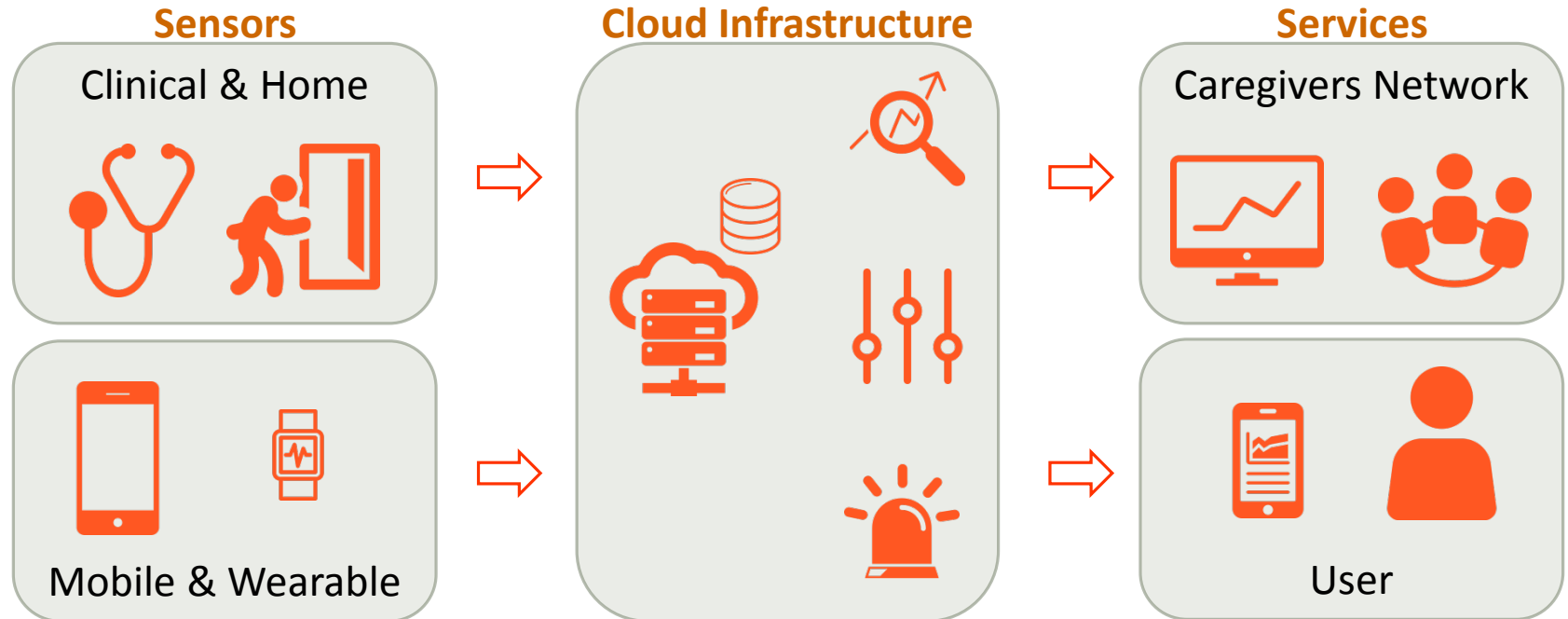
# Longterm road map: Tricorder for older adults



“ every six month new functionalities ”



# ENSAFE architecture



# Why “home” sensors ?



Data accuracy	😊	😞
Data dimensionality	😞	😊
Expressiveness	😊	😞
Monitoring continuity	😞	😊
Intrusivity	😞	😊

- Support indirect, **behavioral** monitoring
- Integrate/complement clinical monitoring

# Which sensors ?



Blood pressure



Bodyweight scale



Blood glucose



Blood oxygen

CLINICAL



Motion (PIR)



Bed occupancy



Door/window



Appliance power



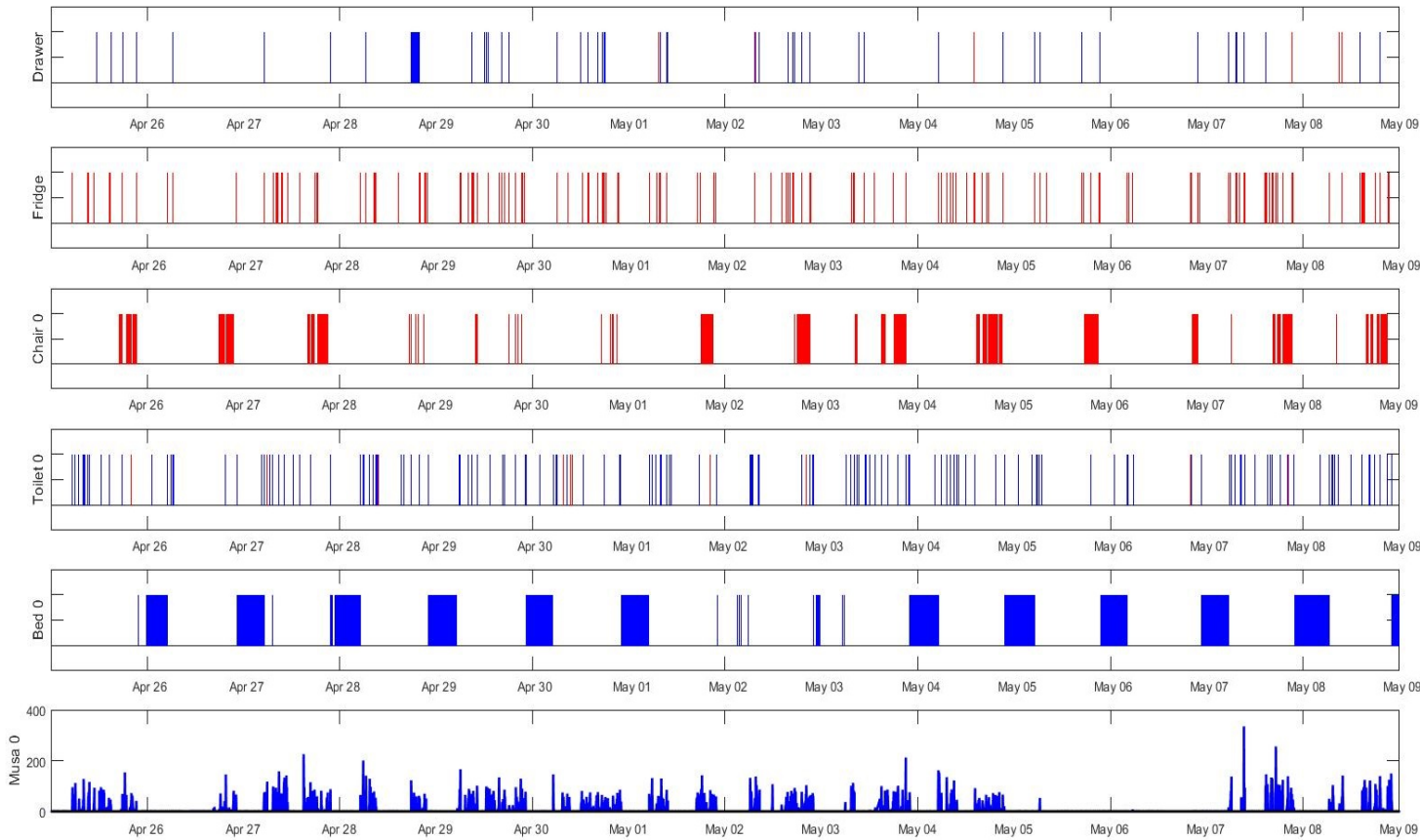
Toilet



Chair occupancy

HOME

# Sensors output



Food drawer

Fridge

Chair

Toilet

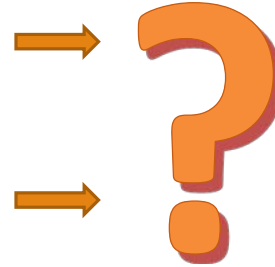
Bed

Wearable

# Home sensors: data processing

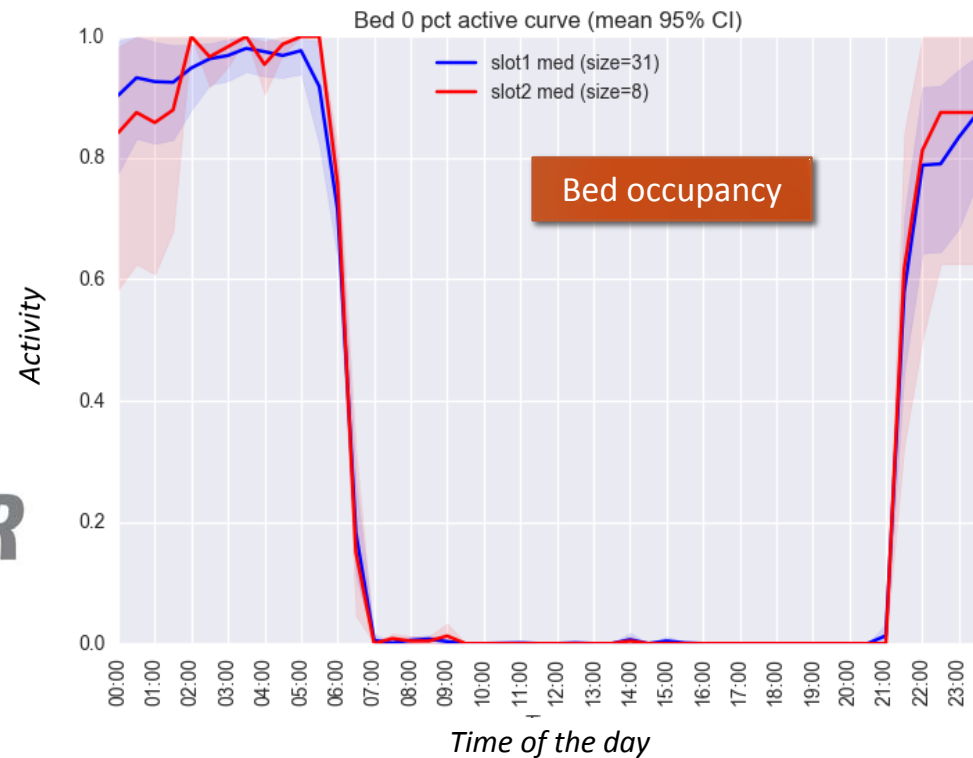


Data accuracy	😊	😞
Data dimensionality	😞	😊
Expressiveness	😊	😞
Monitoring continuity	😞	😊
Intrusivity	😞	😊



- Raw sensor data not suitable for direct inspection
- Need interpretation, fusion, visualization
- Large variability of human behaviors
- No absolute reference
- Relative changes are significant
- Anomaly detection
- Trend analysis

# Models



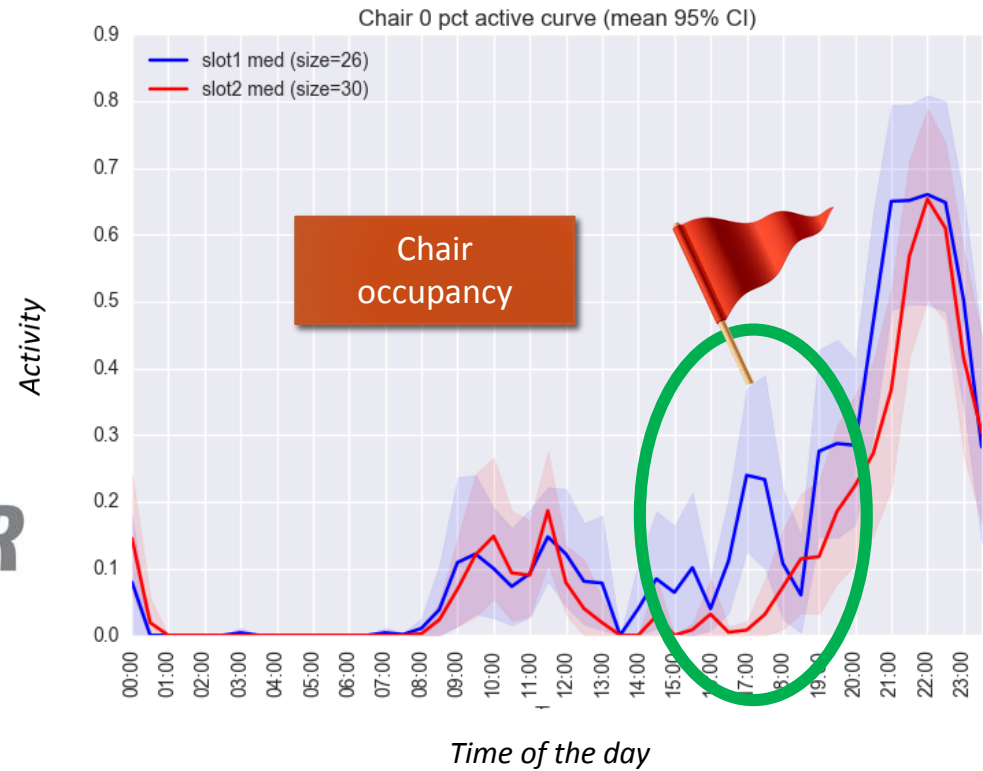
Looking for **shifts** in the **average** behaviour:

Each **point** in the solid curve represents the **expected (i.e. mean) active time** of the sensor within the time slice (30 min. in this case).

Shaded areas represent the **confidence interval** of the estimate

Two different months are compared (red vs. blue: no significant deviations is shown).

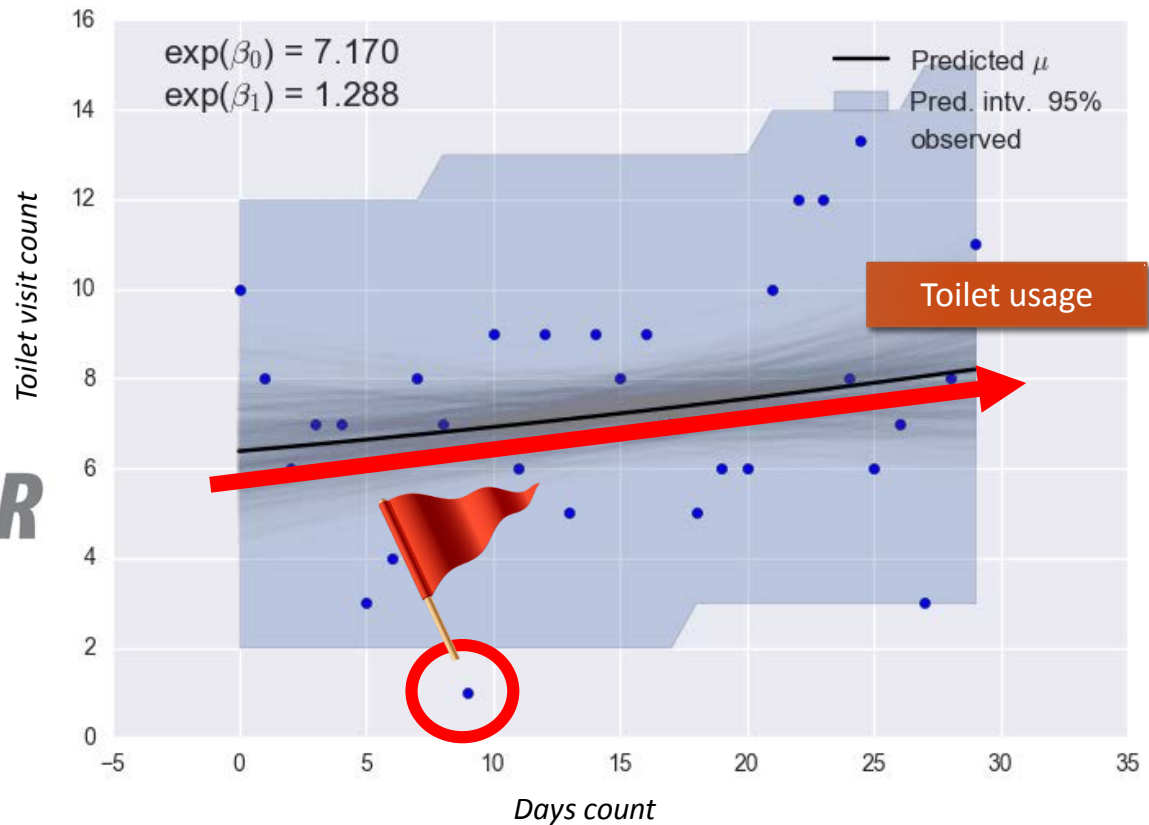
# Models



PROBLEM: How to automatically recognize meaningful behavioral changes (different from normal statistical fluctuations) ?

Differences in averaged behaviors exceeding confidence intervals

# Models



- Bayesian Poisson regression of **daily toilet visits**
- Solid black line: **predicted** average toilet visits (trend)
- Shaded blue areas: plausible prediction intervals (toilet visits)
- Trend analysis
- Anomaly detection



# ENSAFE platform - Design goals

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- Scalability

The platform should be able to scale to support the different flavours and actors of elderly healthcare in the EU

- Technical openness

The platform should be able to integrate with different technical environments

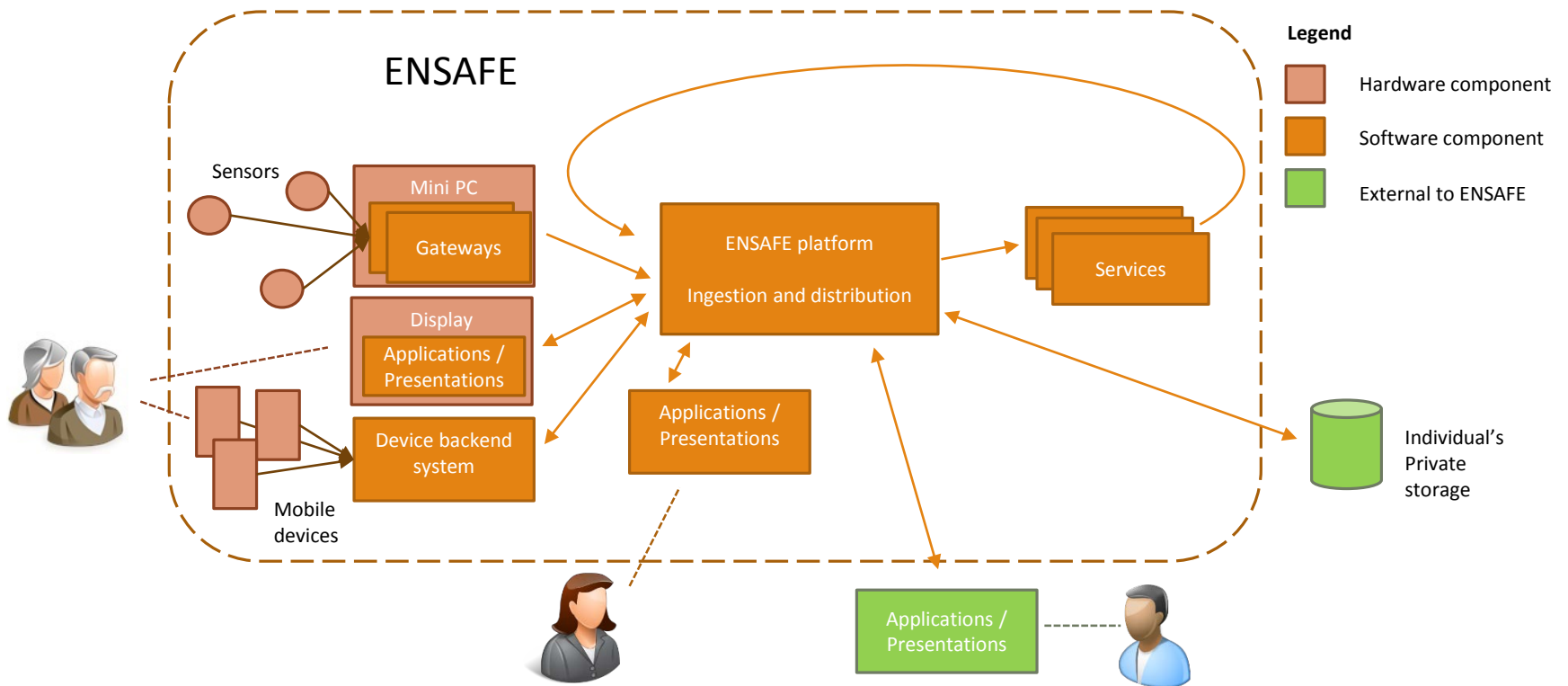
- Commercial openness

The platform should support, welcome and embrace third party suppliers and consumers and their business models

- Respect for the individual's wish and integrity

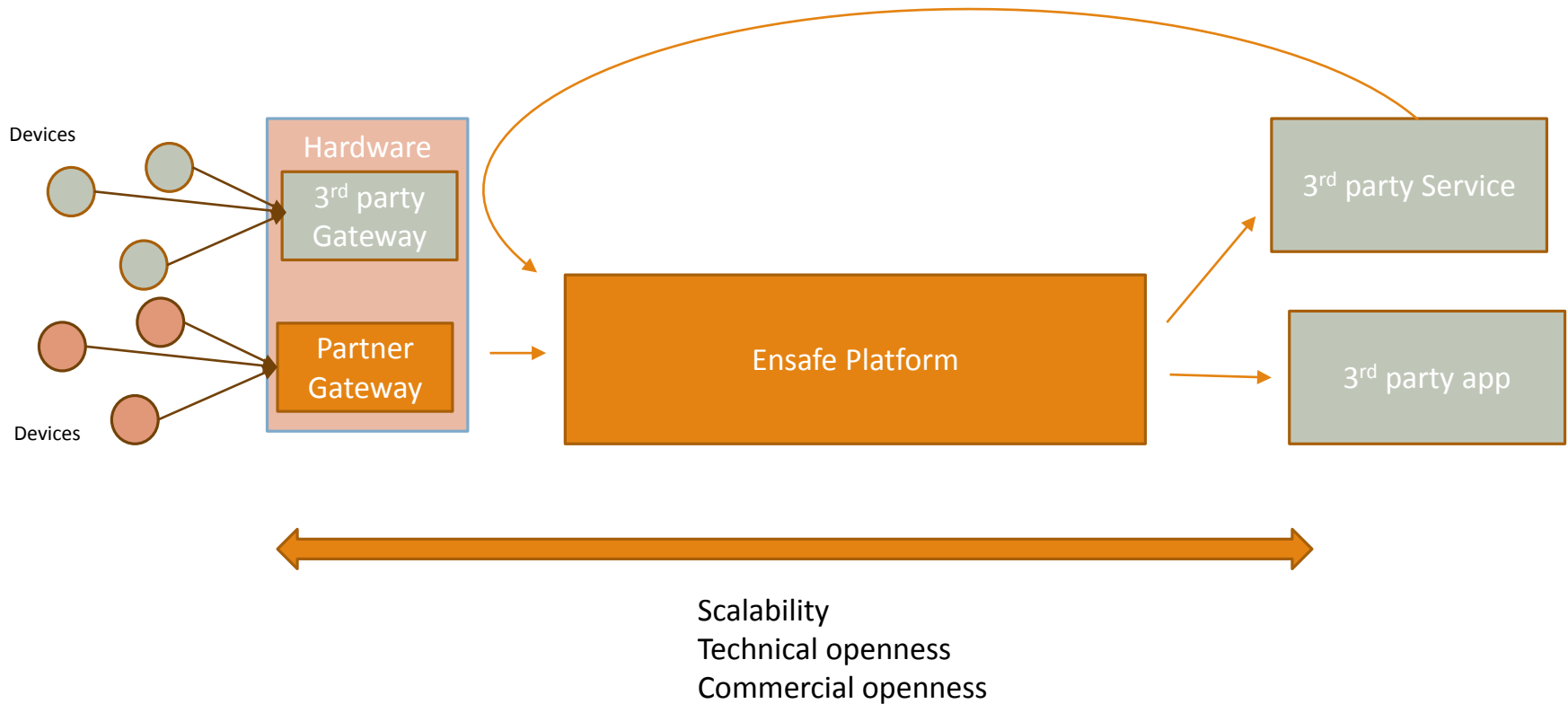


# ENSAFE platform – Ecosystem



# Platform open to 3<sup>rd</sup> parties

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# Co-creation with users

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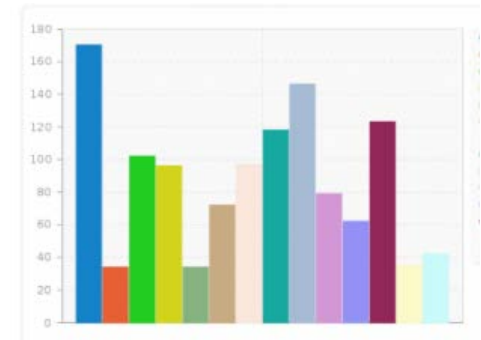
- **Joint** methodology for case finding at beginning of the project..
- ... resulted in a **large scale survey** among senior users...
- ... which results were validated by **Focus Groups** in the different countries...
- ... and will now be followed up with **Co-creation sessions!**



# Survey— set up

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- Joint methodology for case finding set up by partners.
- Resulted in a survey including questions about the following topics:
  - demographic measures
  - technology use
  - daily activities
  - mobility
  - health conditions.



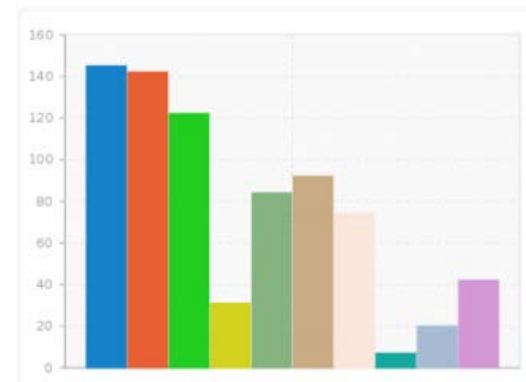
- 418 surveys from SE, IT, UK and NL (368 active responses).



# Survey - results

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- No be major differences between the countries concerning type of technology used by target group.
- Most of them perceive themselves as medium-level users (48%), followed by low level (25%)
- Technology used the most for contact with family and friends (71%), followed by email (57%) and browsing on internet (48%).
- Almost 50% of the participants indicate to experiences barriers when using technology.



# Focus Groups

- Set up of Focus groups in different countries
  - What was their purpose?



- All stakeholders in the same conversation to share their thoughts
- To validate our findings from the surveys
- To gain an understanding of what perceptions stakeholders held over technology, health and care in general and what they valued the most. How they deliver and receive care services.
- Both current and future states



# Focus Groups

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How?

Clean Language Techniques – Not Influencing Answers

Laddering – Making sure we get to the root cause/idea

We used ICE's Creative Graphic Scribes to capture a visual story





# Focus Groups

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- Results

- How did we analyse the conversations?

- The responses of participants who took part in the focus group were transcribed and analysed using an iterative and well-documented thematic analysis approach.
    - From this a 31 page report was created



# Focus Groups

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- Results

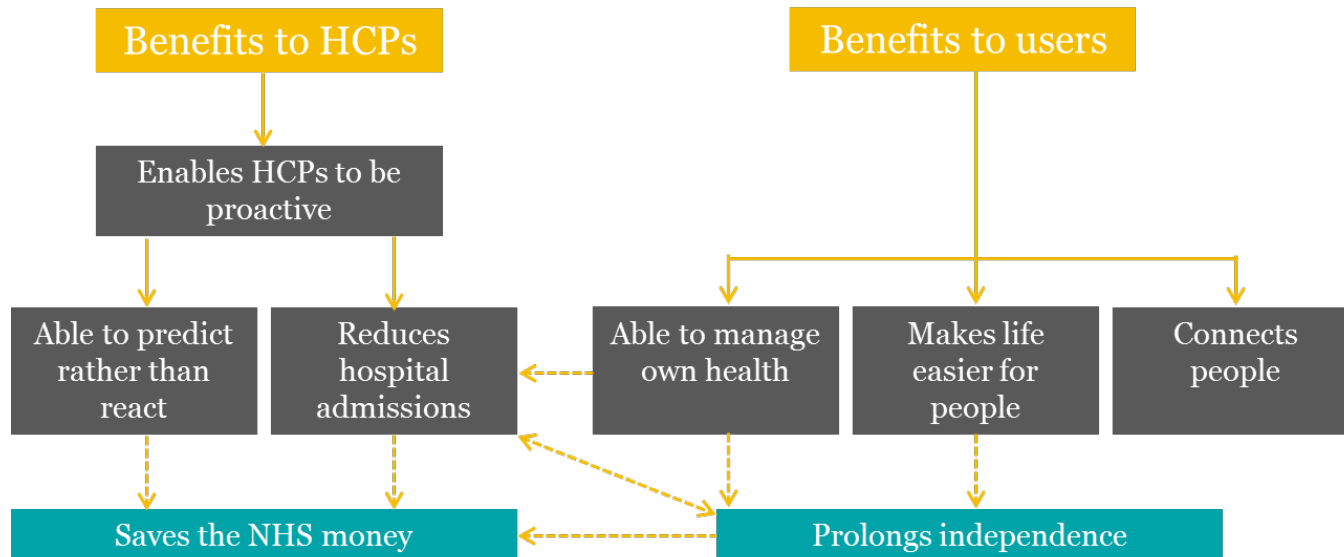
- A common understanding of 'Care'
  - It is personal and human
  - It is putting somebody else's needs ahead of your own
  - The importance of having face-to-face contact



# Focus Groups

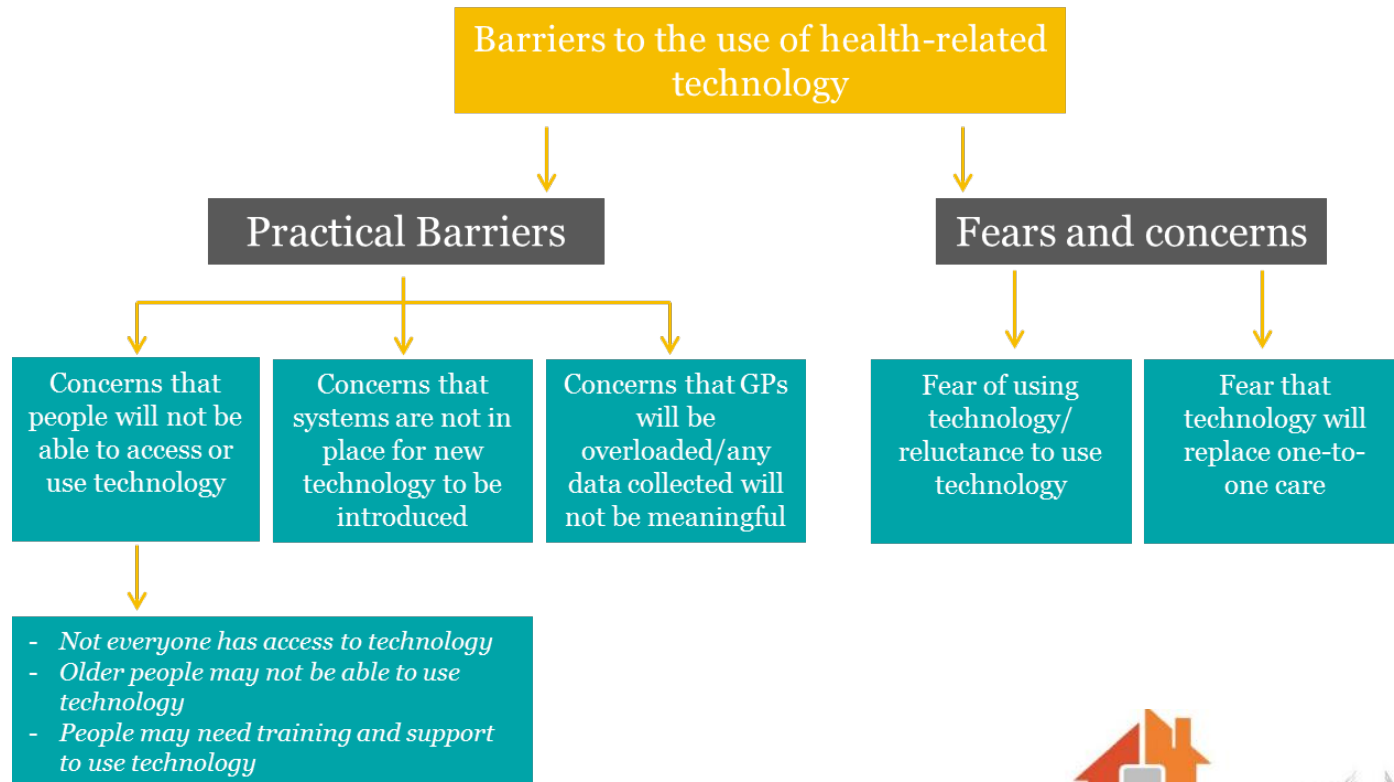
- Results

- The benefits of introducing technology



# Focus Groups

- Results



# Focus Groups



Graphic recorded by Ice



# Part 2: Co-creation session

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# Different roles in innovation

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- Different stakeholder have a different role in innovation
- In the context of healthcare this stakeholder network is complex and we need strategies to align these
- By looking through the eyes of someone else you might get new ideas and perspectives on your own idea



# Different roles in innovation

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- Divide into five groups based on your role:
- Industry/Companies
- Knowledge institutes
- Family members/users
- Government/Municipality
- Care organisations





# Round 1: The platform

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*The ENSAFE offers services and products that should grow with the individual situations of users. To achieve this the solutions should be **usable, affordable, and fitting with current practises.***

*Discuss:*

- *Introduce yourself to each other*
- *Share your first view on the stakeholder role*
- ***What would your stakeholder need or want this solution to be and why?***



# Round 2: The perspectives

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*From the other stakeholders you probably heard a very different view on the ENSAFE system and service.*

*Discuss:*

*What where the conflicts with other stakeholder groups and how can we resolve them?*



# Thank you!

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Rens Brankaert

r.g.a.brankaert@tue.nl



[www.ensafe-aal.eu](http://www.ensafe-aal.eu)

Twitter: @ensafe-aal

